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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/814,913	03/31/2004	Gopalakrishnan G. Juttu	STC-02-0004	6342
7590 09/06/2005			EXAMINER	
Jim Wheelington			JOHNSON, CHRISTINA ANN	
SABIC Americas, Inc. SABIC Technology Center			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1600 Industrial Blvd.			1725	
Houston, TX 77478			DATE MAILED: 09/06/2005	ξ.

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

K					
1'	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summany	10/814,913	JUTTU ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
The MAILING DATE of this communication	Christina Johnson	1725			
The MAILING DATE of this communication of the Period for Reply	ation appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAI  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commun  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statut  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF THIS COMMUNION CAN CERT 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rectation.  Ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON II, by statute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>31 March 2004</u> .				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice	under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	0. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims	·				
4) Claim(s) 17-47 is/are pending in the ap	oplication.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are	withdrawn from consideration.	·			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>17-47</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
are subject to restricted	rrand/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the E	Examiner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>31 March 2004</u>	is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ obj	ected to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection	= • •	• •			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to b	y the Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	3 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have been received				
<ul> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> </ul>					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the Internationa	•				
* See the attached detailed Office action f	or a list of the certified copies not	received.			
· ·					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/31/04</u> .	6) Other:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05)	Office Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 090105			



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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
   The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 38-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 3. Claim 38 recites a formula for the catalyst wherein M is a noble metal, X is a tetravalent element and Y is a trivalent element. Claims 39-41 further define M, X, and Y. These limitations render the claim indefinite because they appear to be inconsistent with claim 22, upon which claims 38-42 are dependent. Claim 22 requires M to be platinum, X to be germanium, and Y to be aluminum. Therefore, claims 38-42 appear to be broader in scope than claim 22 which is improper. For the purposes of search and examination, these claims have been examined consistent with claim 22 and therefore, M is considered to be platinum, X is considered to be germanium, and Y is considered to be aluminum.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

<sup>(</sup>b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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5. Claims 17-20, 22-25, 29-35, and 38-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Miller.

Miller (US 5,558,851) discloses crystalline zeolite such as ZSM-5 and zeolite beta, which may be prepared from a reaction mixture containing silicon, germanium, or both (i.e. YO2), and aluminum (i.e. W2O3) (column 9, lines 5-25). Such a composition with yield a YO2/W2O3 ratio of 12 to infinity (column 9, line 12-20). It is taught that the zeolite can be used in combination with a hydrogenation promoter such as platinum, added by ion exchange or impregnation, followed by calcination (column 13, lines 5-40). The reference teaches, by way of example, a platinum amount of 0.6wt% (Example 11). The catalyst composition may be used in a variety of hydrocarbon conversion processes, including aromatics formation.

As each and every element of the claimed invention is taught in the prior art as recited above, the claims are anticipated by Miller et al.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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7. Claims 23-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller as applied to claims 17-20, 22-25, 29-35, and 38-44 above, and further in view of Katsuro et al.

The teachings of Miller are as described above for claims 17-20, 22-25, 29-35, and 38-44.

With respect to claims 23-25, if it is considered that the ratio disclosed by Miller is not sufficiently specific to meet the claimed ratio within the meaning of 35 USC 102, it is the position of the examiner that a rejection under 35 USC 103 is appropriate.

In this case, the difference between the reference and the claims is that Miller does not specifically disclose the silicon-germanium to aluminum atomic ratio, as required by claims 23-25, or that silica to germania ratio, required by claims 26-28.

Katsuro et al. (US 5,574,172) discloses a zeolite such as zeolite ZSM-5 and zeolite beta, having the composition xAl2O3ySiO2zTbOc, wherein T may be germanium (column 2, lines 30-45). The ratios taught by the reference would meet the instantly claimed ratios. Refer to column 2, lines 50-56.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the composition of Miller to include the use of the zeolites having the ratios disclosed by Katsuro et al. One of ordinary skill would have been motivated to do so with a reasonable expectation of success because Katsuro et al. specifically provides a composition taught by Miller as suitable.

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8. Claims 21, 36-37, and 45-57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller as applied to claims 17-20, 22-25, 29-35, and 38-44 above, and further in view of Froment et al.

The teachings of Miller are as described above for claims 17-20, 22-25, 29-35, and 38-44.

The difference between the reference and the claims is that the reference does not disclose that the catalyst is sulfided.

Froment et al. (US 5,672,796) discloses a catalyst composition comprising a ZSM-5 zeolite and platinum which is useful in aromatization processes (column 1, lines 10-20). The reference teaches that by partially sulfiding the catalyst prior to use, the catalyst has a substantially increased run length and increased selectivity and activity (Abstract and column 1, lines 55-65). The partial sulfiding is carried out by reducing the active metals with hydrogen, contacting with hydrogen sulfide, followed by an additional hydrogen contacting step (column 5, lines 38-46).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the composition and method of making taught by Miller to include the partial sulfiding taught by Froment et al. One would have been motivated to do so in order to obtain a catalyst composition of increased selectivity that had a longer lifetime. Because both catalyst compositions are useful in the same process, one would have a reasonable expectation of success from the combination.

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Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Christina Johnson whose telephone number is (571)

272-1176. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 7:30-5, with

Alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-1171. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Christina Johnson Primary Examiner

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9/1/05

CAJ

September 1, 2005